

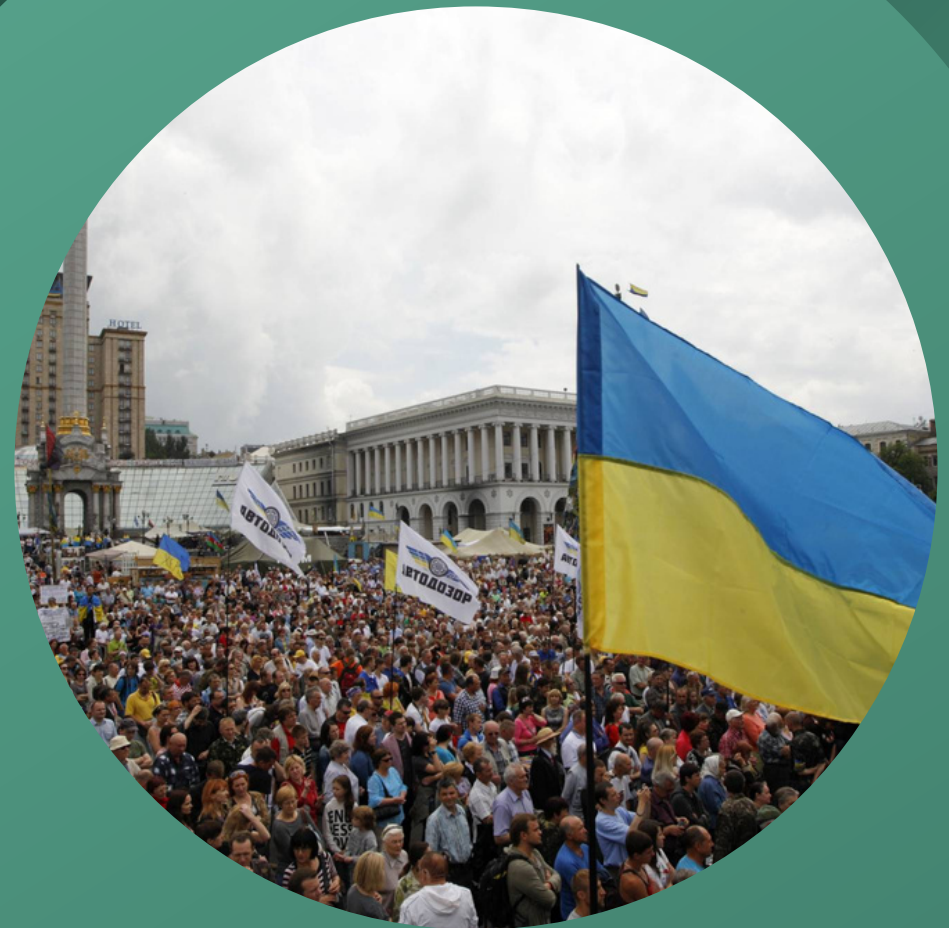
How to strengthen Ukraine's post-war democracy

Oleksandr Fisun, Ph.D.

V.N. Karazin Kharkiv National University

Uliana Movchan, Ph.D.

V.N. Karazin Kharkiv National University



Models of Democracy

Majoritarian democracy

- government-versus-opposition
- winner-take-all

Consensus Democracy

- coalition government
- power-sharing

Consensus Democracy = Inclusion

Inclusion

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graph TD; Inclusion --> Vertical[vertical]; Inclusion --> Horizontal[horizontal];
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vertical

decentralisation
(segmental autonomy, mutual veto)

horizontal

power-sharing coalition
proportional representation

How to reform political system in Ukraine

Threats of combination neopatrimonialism* and power-sharing

- creation of elite cartel
- minimum winning coalition formed
(as a result – non-flexible rule,
excluded others)
- rent is distributed among those who
are inside coalition

*neopatrimonialism is a system where informal institutes (clientelism, corruption) dominate

How to reform political system in Ukraine

How to avoid such negative effects

- rule of game like in Northern Ireland – access to ministerial portfolios on proportional base (such arrangements help to develop democracy as political parties compete in election)
- oversized coalition (to complicate the rent redistribution)

Conclusion

- Concensus model of democracy is optimal for Ukraine

- Power-sharing coalitions would help to formalize politics through the oversized coalition with Cabinet of Ministers appointed on proportional basis.